# 歴史あるまち

A Town with History

## 於大の方

江戸幕府初代将軍徳川家康の生母。緒川城四代城主水野 忠政の娘として緒川城で生まれ、岡崎城主松平広忠に嫁ぎ、 家康を産みましたが、政略のため離縁。その後も家康の母と して尽力し天下統一を支え、京都伏見城で家康に看取られ て75歳の生涯を閉じました。

#### Odai-no-kata (Madam Odai)

A real mother of leyasu Tokugawa who was a primary general of Edo shogunate. She was born at Ogawa Castle as a daughter of Tadamasa Mizuno who was the 4th lord of the castle, married into Hirotada Matsudaira who was the lord of Okazaki Castle, and bore leyasu. However, she was sent back to her family because of political strategy. Since then, she still supported unification and commitment as the mother of leyasu. leyasu was present at his mother's deathbed at Kyoto Fushimi Castle. She died at the age of 75.



# 水野忠<mark>大大学</mark>

緒川城主で、於大の方の父。広く緒川、刈谷、大高の地を 治めました。於大の方が徳川家康を産んだ翌年に没し、乾坤 院に葬られました。

### Tadamasa Mizuno

Tadamasa Mizuno is a lord of Ogawa Castle, and a father of <mark>Odai-no-kata. He</mark> led Ogawa, Kariya, and Odaka district. He died the following year of leyasu Tokugawa's birth and he was buried in Kenkon-in temple.



## 郷土資料館 うのはな館

入海貝塚などの貝塚や古窯からの出土遺物や古 文書、民具を収集・調査・研究し、東浦の歴史を紹介 する施設です。彫刻家菜山賀行氏による、東浦ゆか りの水野忠政、於大の方、徳川家康の木彫3体も展 示しています。



#### Local History Museum "Unohana-kan"

This facility shows histories of Higashiura Town by collecting, exploring and investigating various items such as artifacts excavated from Irimi shell mound and ancient kiln, ancient documents and articles for everyday use. Highlight of the museum is three wooden sculptures of Higashiura's historical figure Tadamasa Mizuno, Odai-no-kata and leyasu Tokugawa sculptured by a sculptor, Gako Kuwayama.

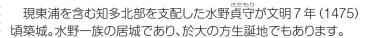
水野一族の菩提寺として文明7年(1475)創建。境内には水野忠政 の墓をはじめとした水野家四代の墓所があります。平成28年(2016)、 火災により本堂・座禅堂・堅雄堂が焼失しました。

## Kenkon-in Temple

Kenkon-in temple was built as a family temple of Mizuno clan in 1475. The temple holds Mizuno clan's grave of four generations including Tadamasa Mizuno's one. Unfortunately, in 2016, main hall, Zazen-do hall, and Kenyu-do hall were burned down by an accidental



# 緒川城址



#### Ogawa Castle Ruin

Sadamori Mizuno, lord of Mizuno clan who ruled northern part of Chita area including present Higashiura Town, built the castle in about 1475. This castle is the place where Mizuno clan had lived and where Odai-no-kata was born.



## 入海貝塚

緒川の入海神社境内にある縄文時代早期の貝塚。尖底土器や矢 じり、シカやイノシシの骨などが出土し、縄文時代の狩猟生活が偲 ばれます。国指定史跡に指定されています。

#### Irimi Shell Mound

This is a seashell mound from the early Jomon period that was discovered in the precincts of Ogawa Irimi shrine. It has yielded up spiny-bottomed pottery and arrow tails, as well as the bones of deer and boars, giving a view of the hunting and gathering lifestyle of the Jomon period. It is one of the cultural heritages of Japan.



嘉吉3年(1443)頃創建。於大の方自らが定めた菩提所といわれて いる。慶長10年(1605)、於大の方のおいにあたる緒川城主水野分長 が移築しました。於大の方と徳川家康の位はいが納められています。

#### Zendoji Temple

Zendoji temple was built in about 1443. It is said that Odai-no-kata designated this temple as her family temple. Wakenaga Mizuno, a nephew of Odai-no-kata and a lord of Ogawa Castle, rebuilt the temple in 1605. In this temple, spirit tablets of Odai-no-kata and leyasu Tokugawa are enshrined.